

FIRST CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET,  
FISCAL YEAR 1979

MAY 15, 1978.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. GIAIMO, from the committee of conference, submitted  
the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany S. Con. Res. 80]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 80) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for the fiscal year 1979, having met, after full and free conference, have been unable to agree on a conference report because the conference decisions have reduced certain budget figures, including the deficit and the public debt, below the provisions enacted by either House. As set forth in the accompanying Joint Explanatory Statement, the conferees do propose a congressional budget, containing the lower figures, incorporated in a further amendment for the consideration of the two Houses.

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# JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 80) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for the fiscal year 1979, report that the conferees have been unable to agree. This is a technical disagreement, necessitated by the fact that in some instances the substitute language agreed to by the conferees includes figures which (for purely technical reasons) would fall outside the range between the corresponding House and Senate provisions.

It is the intention of the conferees that the managers on the part of the Senate will offer a motion in the Senate to recede and concur in the House amendment to the Senate-passed resolution with an amendment (in the nature of a substitute) consisting of the language agreed to in conference. Upon the adoption of such amendment in the Senate, the managers of the House will offer a motion in the House to concur therein.

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate submit the following joint statement in explanation of the action agreed upon by the managers:

The substitute language which is to be offered as described above (and which should be considered the language of the concurrent resolution as recommended in the conference report for purposes of section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974)—hereinafter in this statement referred to as the "conference substitute"—is as follows:

That the Congress hereby determines and declares, pursuant to section 301(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, that for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1978—

- (1) the recommended level of Federal revenues is \$447,900,000,000 and the amount by which the aggregate level of Federal revenues should be decreased is \$24,700,000,000.
- (2) the appropriate level of total new budget authority is \$568,850,000,000.
- (3) the appropriate level of total budget outlays is \$498,800,000,000.
- (4) the amount of the deficit in the budget which is appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors is \$50,900,000,000 and
- (5) the appropriate level of the public debt is \$849,100,000,000 and the amount by which the statutory limit on such debt should accordingly be increased is \$97,100,000,000.

SEC. 2. Based on allocations of the appropriate level of total new budget authority and of total budget outlays as set forth in paragraphs (2) and (3) of the first section of this resolution, the Congress hereby determines and declares pursuant to section 301(a)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 that for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 1978, the appropriate level of new budget authority and the estimated budget outlays for each major functional category are as follows:

- (1) National Defense (050):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$128,700,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$115,700,000,000;
- (2) International Affairs (150):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$12,800,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$6,900,000,000.
- (3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$5,200,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$5,000,000,000.

- (4) Energy (270):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$10,400,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$9,800,000,000.
- (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$13,600,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$12,200,000,000.
- (6) Agriculture (350):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$12,300,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$8,300,000,000.
- (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$5,900,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$3,600,000,000.
- (8) Transportation (400):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$20,300,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$17,800,000,000.
- (9) Community and Regional Development (450):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$11,100,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$9,000,000,000.
- (10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$33,000,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$31,400,000,000.
- (11) Health (550):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$52,550,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$49,500,000,000.
- (12) Income Security (600):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$193,100,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$160,200,000,000.
- (13) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$21,300,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$21,000,000,000.
- (14) Administration of Justice (750):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$4,300,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$4,200,000,000.
- (15) General Government (800):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$4,100,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$4,100,000,000.
- (16) General Purpose Fiscal Assistance (850):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$9,700,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$9,600,000,000.
- (17) Interest (900):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$47,000,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$47,000,000,000.
- (18) Allowances (920):
  - (A) New budget authority, \$800,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, \$800,000,000.
- (19) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
  - (A) New budget authority, —\$17,300,000,000;
  - (B) Outlays, —\$17,300,000,000.

## ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS

The fiscal policy contained in the conference substitute is designed to achieve two economic goals: first, to maintain a healthy rate of economic growth in order to move closer to full employment; and, second, to do so in a manner that helps to restrain inflationary pressures. Enactment of legislation assumed in the totals, in conjunction with a supportive monetary policy, will provide the balanced expansion necessary to move the Nation towards these goals. The economic assumptions underlying the revenue and spending ceilings contained in the conference report are as follows:

[In calendar years; dollar amounts in billions]

Item	1978	1979
Gross national product:		
Current dollars	\$2,098	\$2,328
Constant (1972) dollars	\$1,398	\$1,459
Incomes:		
Personal income	\$1,703	\$1,875
Wages and salaries	\$1,120	\$1,234
Corporate profits	\$187	\$209
Unemployment rate:		
Calendar year average	6.3	5.9
4th quarter	6.2	5.7
Consumer Price Index (percent change; year over year)	5.9	6.0
Interest rate, 3-month Treasury bills (monthly average)	6.6	6.4

The economic assumptions may be changed in the Second Budget Resolution to respond to economic developments, especially regarding inflation and unemployment.

#### BUDGET AGGREGATES

##### REVENUES

The Senate resolution provided for Federal revenues of \$443.3 billion. The House resolution provided for revenues of \$443.023 billion.

The conference substitute provides for Federal revenues of \$447.9 billion; and to achieve that level, it provides that revenues should be decreased on a net basis of \$24.7 billion. This revenue level assumes: extension through fiscal year 1979 of temporary income tax rate reductions of \$8.3 billion; additional tax reductions in fiscal year 1979 of \$15.0 billion to become effective not earlier than January 1, 1979; and specific structural tax law changes which would reduce fiscal year 1979 revenues by \$1.4 billion. These changes include a tuition tax credit, a targeted employment tax credit, and could include energy legislation and other miscellaneous provisions.

A larger amount of gross general tax reductions could be enacted in fiscal year 1979, provided the additional reduction were offset by an appropriate amount of tax increases.

The conferees also agree to treat refundable tax credit payments in excess of the recipients' tax liabilities as outlays and budget authority, rather than as revenue reductions.

##### BUDGET AUTHORITY

The Senate resolution provided for a total new budget authority of \$566.1 billion. The House resolution provided for budget authority of \$569.508 billion. The conference substitute provides for budget authority of \$568.85 billion.

##### OUTLAYS

The Senate resolution provided for outlays of \$498.9 billion. The House amendment provided outlays of \$500.885 billion. The conference substitute provides outlays of \$498.8 billion.

#### DEFICIT

The Senate resolution provided for a deficit of \$55.6 billion. The House resolution provided for a deficit of \$57.862 billion. The conference substitute provides for a deficit of \$50.9 billion.

#### PUBLIC DEBT

The Senate resolution provided for a public debt level of \$853.8 billion. The House resolution provided a debt level of \$856.062 billion. The conference substitute provides a debt level of \$849.1 billion.

#### FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

##### 050: NATIONAL DEFENSE

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$129.8 billion and outlays of \$116.6 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$127.439 billion and outlays of \$115.679 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$128.7 billion, and outlays of \$115.7 billion. The outlay target reflects downward reestimates in this function. In the Second Concurrent Resolution, further adjustments may be necessary.

##### 150: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$12.8 billion and outlays of \$7.2 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$10.990 billion and outlays of \$6,600 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$12.8 billion and outlays of \$6.9 billion. The conference substitute includes \$1.8 billion in budget authority above the House resolution only to provide for the possibility that implementation of the Witteveen Facility of the International Monetary Fund will be delayed until fiscal year 1979 and that the entire amount will be appropriated.

##### 250: GENERAL SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$5.2 billion and outlays of \$5.0 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$5.216 billion and outlays of \$5.027 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$5.2 billion and outlays of \$5.0 billion.

##### 270: ENERGY

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$10.2 billion and outlays of \$10.1 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$9.494 billion and outlays of \$9.252 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$10.4 billion and outlays of \$9.8 billion.

## 300: NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$13.7 billion and outlays of \$12.5 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$13.464 billion and outlays of \$12.013 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$13.6 billion and outlays of \$12.2 billion.

## 350: AGRICULTURE

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$12.4 billion and outlays of \$7.8 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$12.297 billion and outlays of \$10.492 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$12.3 billion and outlays of \$8.3 billion. The conference substitute provides for the House level of budget authority for the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund, and provided outlays to accommodate the Congressional Budget Office's latest current law estimate for CCC price supports, including funding for dairy supports at 80 percent of parity, and additional amounts for new agriculture initiatives.

## 370: COMMERCE AND HOUSING CREDIT

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$5.9 billion and outlays of \$3.6 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$6.000 billion and outlays of \$3.700 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$5.9 billion and outlays of \$3.6 billion. The conference substitute provides amounts that would be sufficient to provide for continuation of the GNMA program of targeted tandem mortgage assistance for low-income housing and initial financing and operating requirements for the proposed National Consumer Cooperative Bank.

## 400: TRANSPORTATION

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$19.5 billion and outlays of \$17.5 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$20.561 billion and outlays of \$18.141 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$20.3 billion and outlays of \$17.8 billion.

## 450: COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$10.4 billion and outlays of \$9.0 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$15.251 billion and outlays of \$10.291 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$11.1 billion and outlays of \$9.0 billion.

## 500: EDUCATION, TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL SERVICES

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$31.6 billion and outlays of \$31.2 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$34.090 billion and outlays of \$31.429 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$33.0 billion and outlays of \$31.4 billion.

The conference substitute includes \$0.3 billion in revenue reductions and \$0.7 billion in budget authority for additional middle income student tuition assistance. This represents a 50 percent reduction in total resources included in the House resolution for both the tax expenditure and grant proposal forms of this assistance, since it is not expected that both proposals will be implemented as introduced. Reductions from the House mark in budget authority for employment and training programs do not reflect any policy change in anticipated program levels.

The conferees believe it is essential for the Congress and the Administration to continue to shift the emphasis of CETA program resources to provide employment and training services targeted to the structurally unemployed. This shift should result in significantly increased savings in public assistance costs under function 600.

## 550: HEALTH

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$52.7 billion and outlays of \$49.5 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$52.282 billion and outlays of \$49.550 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$52.55 billion and outlays of \$49.5 billion. The conference substitute assumes budget authority of \$31.9 billion and outlays of \$29.4 billion for the medicare program and budget authority and outlays of \$11.7 billion for the medicaid program. The conference substitute assumes budget authority of \$8.95 billion and outlays of \$8.4 billion for the discretionary programs in the health function.

## FUNCTION 600: INCOME SECURITY

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$192.5 billion and outlays of \$159.9 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$192.750 billion and outlays of \$159.339 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$193.1 billion and outlays of \$160.2 billion. The conference substitute accommodates up to \$0.4 billion in funds for fiscal relief to States for public assistance costs. This would not preclude other initiatives related to welfare reform.

## 700: VETERANS BENEFITS AND SERVICES

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$21.0 billion and outlays of \$20.8 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$21.730 billion and outlays of \$21.315 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$21.3 billion and outlays of \$21.0 billion. Funds are included in the conference substitute for reform of the veterans' pension program, including provisions applicable to social security cost-of-living increases.

## 750: ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$4.3 billion and outlays of \$4.2 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$4.200 billion and outlays of \$4.214 billion.



The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$4.3 billion and outlays of \$4.2 billion.

#### 800: GENERAL GOVERNMENT

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$4.1 billion and outlays of \$4.1 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$4.097 billion and outlays of \$4.134 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$4.1 billion and outlays of \$4.1 billion.

#### 850: GENERAL PURPOSE FISCAL ASSISTANCE

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$9.7 billion and outlays of \$9.6 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$9.098 billion and outlays of \$9.237 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$9.7 billion and outlays of \$9.6 billion.

#### 900: INTEREST

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$46.8 billion and outlays of \$46.8 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$47.000 billion and outlays of \$47.000 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$47.0 billion and outlays of \$47.0 billion.

#### 920: ALLOWANCES

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of \$0.7 billion and outlays of \$0.7 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of \$1.050 billion and outlays of \$1.000 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of \$0.8 billion and outlays of \$0.8 billion. The managers assume that the President will implement his announced intention to limit the October 1978 comparability pay raise for Federal employees to 5.5 percent. The managers further assume that Federal agencies will be able to absorb 20 percent of pay raise costs through savings in other activities, and urge the President and the Congress to require this absorption.

#### 950: UNDISTRIBUTED OFFSETTING RECEIPTS

The Senate resolution provided budget authority of —\$17.2 billion and outlays of —\$17.2 billion. The House resolution provided budget authority of —\$17.500 billion and outlays of —\$17.500 billion.

The conference substitute provides budget authority of —\$17.3 billion and outlays of —\$17.3 billion.

#### BUDGET AGGREGATES AND FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES, FISCAL YEAR 1979

[In billions of dollars]

	House passed	Senate passed	Conference agreement
Revenues.....	443.023	443.3	447.9
Budget authority.....	569.508	566.1	568.85
Outlays.....	500.885	498.9	498.8
Deficit.....	57.862	55.6	50.9
Debt subject to limit.....	856.062	853.8	849.1
050 National defense:			
Budget authority.....	127.439	129.8	128.7
Outlays.....	115.679	116.6	115.7
150 International affairs:			
Budget authority.....	10.990	12.8	12.8
Outlays.....	6.600	7.2	6.9
250 General science, space, and technology:			
Budget authority.....	5.216	5.2	5.2
Outlays.....	5.027	5.0	5.0
270 Energy:			
Budget authority.....	9.494	10.2	10.4
Outlays.....	9.252	10.1	9.8
300 Natural resources and environment:			
Budget authority.....	13.464	13.7	13.6
Outlays.....	12.013	12.5	12.2
350 Agriculture:			
Budget authority.....	12.297	12.4	12.3
Outlays.....	10.492	7.8	8.3
370 Commerce and housing credit:			
Budget authority.....	6.000	5.9	5.9
Outlays.....	3.700	3.6	3.6
400 Transportation:			
Budget authority.....	20.561	19.5	20.3
Outlays.....	18.114	17.5	17.8
450 Community and regional development:			
Budget authority.....	15.251	10.4	11.1
Outlays.....	10.291	9.0	9.0
500 Education, training, employment, and social services:			
Budget authority.....	34.090	31.6	33.0
Outlays.....	31.429	31.2	31.4
550 Health:			
Budget authority.....	52.282	52.7	52.55
Outlays.....	49.550	49.5	49.5
600 Income security:			
Budget authority.....	192.750	192.5	193.1
Outlays.....	159.339	159.9	160.2
700 Veterans benefits and services:			
Budget authority.....	21.730	21.0	21.3
Outlays.....	21.315	20.8	21.0
750 Administration of justice:			
Budget authority.....	4.200	4.3	4.3
Outlays.....	4.214	4.2	4.2
800 General government:			
Budget authority.....	4.097	4.1	4.1
Outlays.....	4.134	4.1	4.1
850 General purpose fiscal assistance:			
Budget authority.....	9.098	9.7	9.7
Outlays.....	9.237	9.6	9.6
900 Interest:			
Budget authority.....	47.000	46.8	47.0
Outlays.....	47.000	46.8	47.0
920 Allowances:			
Budget authority.....	1.050	.7	.8
Outlays.....	1.000	.7	.8
950 Undistributed offsetting receipts:			
Budget authority.....	-17.500	-17.2	-17.3
Outlays.....	-17.500	-17.2	-17.3

#### ALLOCATION OF BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS TO HOUSE AND SENATE COMMITTEES

Pursuant to section 302 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, the conference substitute make the following estimated allocation of the appropriate levels of total new budget authority and total budget outlays for fiscal year 1979 among the committees of the respective Houses:

SENATE COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS, PURSUANT TO SEC. 302 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT,  
FISCAL YEAR 1979

[In billions of dollars]

	Direct spending jurisdiction		Entitlements funded in annual appropriation acts	
	Budget authority	Outlays	Budget authority	Outlays
Appropriations Committee	366.5	320.7		
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee	.7	7.1	9.0	9.1
Armed Services Committee	(1)	(2)	10.3	10.2
Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee	.5	-1.0		
Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee	1.3	(2)	.2	.2
Energy and Natural Resources Committee	1.3	1.2	(1)	(5)
Environment and Public Works Committee	8.2	1.5		
Finance Committee	213.0	202.2	36.2	36.6
Foreign Relations Committee	12.5	10.7		
Governmental Affairs Committee	26.1	17.8	(5)	(5)
Human Resources Committee	4.1	4.4	3.4	3.3
Judiciary Committee	.2	.2	.1	.1
Rules and Administration Committee	(1)	(1)		
Veterans Affairs Committee	1.1	.8	14.0	14.0
Select Committee on Indian Affairs	.3	.1		
Select Committee on Small Business	(2)			
Not allocated to committees	-66.8	-66.8		
Budget total	568.85	498.8	73.1	73.7

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$10,000,000.

<sup>2</sup> Minus \$6,000,000.

<sup>3</sup> Less than \$5,000,000.

<sup>4</sup> Less than \$50,000,000.

<sup>5</sup> Less than \$45,000,000.

ALLOCATION OF SPENDING RESPONSIBILITY TO HOUSE COMMITTEES PURSUANT TO SEC. 302(A) OF THE  
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT

[In thousands of dollars]

House committee and function	Fiscal year 1979	
	Budget authority	Outlays
House Agriculture Committee:		
300: Natural resources and environment	\$232,259	\$187,003
350: Agriculture	91,824	6,728,539
(New entitlement authority)	(1,400,000)	
450: Community and regional development	259,724	72,724
850: General purpose fiscal assistance	237,829	237,829
Committee total	821,636	7,226,095
Appropriations Committee:		
050: National defense	129,279,112	116,268,514
150: International affairs	12,030,196	7,832,195
250: General science, space, and technology	5,212,288	5,023,770
270: Energy	11,349,276	9,449,276
300: Natural resources and environment	15,116,558	13,914,479
350: Agriculture	12,273,283	1,636,568
370: Commerce and housing credit	5,517,356	4,621,144
400: Transportation	11,126,654	17,942,184
450: Community and regional development	8,940,391	8,638,904
500: Education, training, employment, and social services	32,252,507	31,367,874
550: Health	35,925,763	36,203,641
600: Income security	51,921,921	34,075,672
700: Veterans benefits and services	20,765,963	20,846,962
750: Administration of justice	4,300,257	4,205,338
800: General government	6,682,823	6,722,783
850: General purpose fiscal assistance	8,671,364	8,574,169
900: Interest	0	0
Committee total	371,366,712	327,323,473

ALLOCATION OF SPENDING RESPONSIBILITY TO HOUSE COMMITTEES PURSUANT TO SEC. 302(A) OF THE  
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

House committee and function	Fiscal year 1979	
	Budget authority	Outlays
House Armed Services Committee:		
050: National defense	-166,908	-157,300
(New entitlement authority)	(172,000)	
400: Transportation	30	30
700: Veterans benefits and services	12	12
Committee total	-166,866	-157,258
House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee:		
050: National Defense	0	990
150: International affairs	0	0
370: Commerce and housing credit	369,733	-1,028,980
450: Community and regional development	49,321	104,993
500: Education, training, employment, and social services	0	10,202
550: Health	0	-653
600: Income security	39,700	0
700: Veterans benefits and services	0	-8,539
800: General government	3,000	2,920
900: Interest	7,841	7,841
Committee total	469,595	-911,226
House District of Columbia Committee:		
750: Administration of justice	8,000	8,000
850: General purpose fiscal assistance	832	832
Committee total	8,832	8,832
House Education and Labor Committee:		
500: Education, training, employment, and social services	27,177	24,453
(New entitlement authority)	(856,000)	
600: Income security	4,707	4,728
(New entitlement authority)	(23,000)	
Committee total	31,884	29,181
House Government Operations Committee:		
800: General government	1,230	1,142
850: General purpose fiscal assistance	6,854,924	6,852,294
Committee total	6,856,154	6,853,436
House Administration Committee:		
250: General science, space, and technology	70	72
500: Education, training, employment, and social services	5,351	5,666
800: General government	40,400	1,200
Committee total	45,821	6,938
House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee:		
270: Energy	20	20
300: Natural resources and environment	94,130	20,902
450: Community and regional development	256,331	135,127
800: General government	116,800	116,207
850: General purpose fiscal assistance	344,874	344,874
Committee total	812,155	617,130
House International Relations Committee:		
150: International affairs	12,314,902	10,612,903
370: Commerce and housing credit	4,800	6,000
600: Income security	207,817	117,430
Committee total	12,527,519	10,736,333

ALLOCATION OF SPENDING RESPONSIBILITY TO HOUSE COMMITTEES PURSUANT TO SEC. 302(A) OF THE  
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

House committee and function	Fiscal year 1979	
	Budget authority	Outlays
<b>House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee:</b>		
300: Natural resources and environment.....	0	30
370: Commerce and housing credit.....	23,237	21,962
400: Transportation.....	420	420
550: Health.....	1,600	1,882
(New entitlement authority).....	(185,000)	
600: Income security.....	4,185,200	4,395,383
850: General purpose fiscal assistance.....	5,260	5,085
Committee total.....	4,215,717	4,424,762
<b>House Judiciary Committee:</b>		
300: Natural resources and environment.....	165	380
600: Income security.....	7,135	2,124
750: Administration of justice.....	0	-5,081
800: General government.....	147,018	147,018
Committee total.....	154,318	144,441
<b>House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee:</b>		
300: Natural resources and environment.....	139,053	123,831
370: Commerce and housing credit.....	15,000	10,000
400: Transportation.....	294,368	-73,229
850: General purpose fiscal assistance.....	4,200	4,200
Committee total.....	452,621	64,802
<b>House Post Office and Civil Service Committee:</b>		
050: National defense.....		
(New entitlement authority).....	(-166,000)	
300: Natural resources and environment.....	0	330
370: Commerce and housing credit.....	4,876	4,876
550: Health.....	0	-42,769
600: Income security.....	19,907,500	11,694,789
(New entitlement authority).....	(13,000)	
800: General government.....	6,170,000	6,170,000
(New entitlement authority).....	(41,000)	
920: Allowances.....		
(New entitlement authority).....	(-47,000)	
Committee total.....	26,082,376	17,827,226
<b>House Public Works and Transportation Committee:</b>		
270: Energy.....	0	1,300,000
300: Natural resources and environment.....	43,025	43,000
400: Transportation.....	8,945,189	-2,744
450: Community and regional development.....	46,233	45,822
950: Undistributed offsetting receipts.....	11,000	11,000
Committee total.....	9,045,447	1,397,078
<b>House Science and Technology Committee:</b>		
250: General science, space, and technology.....	5,300	4,500
270: Energy.....	2,480	2,480
300: Natural resources and environment.....	11,297	11,297
800: General government.....	0	1
Committee total.....	19,077	18,278
<b>House Small Business Committee:</b>		
450: Community and regional development.....	300	0
<b>House Veterans' Affairs Committee:</b>		
700: Veterans' benefits and services.....	1,061,582	690,122
(New entitlement authority).....	(1,417,000)	
Committee total.....	1,061,582	690,122

ALLOCATION OF SPENDING RESPONSIBILITY TO HOUSE COMMITTEES PURSUANT TO SEC. 302(A) OF THE  
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

House committee and function	Fiscal year 1979	
	Budget authority	Outlays
<b>House Ways and Means Committee:</b>		
450: Community and regional development.....		
(New entitlement authority).....	(150,000)	
500: Education, training, employment, and social services.....	723,180	
(New entitlement authority).....	(250,000)	
550: Health.....	31,900,000	28,615,262
600: Income security.....	119,758,510	112,842,364
(New entitlement authority).....	(373,000)	
800: General government.....	4,025	4,025
850: General purpose fiscal assistance.....	458,000	458,000
900: Interest.....	53,528,000	53,528,000
950: Undistributed offsetting receipts.....	-15,000	-15,000
Committee total.....	206,356,695	195,432,651
<b>Unassigned to committees:</b>		
050: National defense.....	-412,204	-412,204
150: International affairs.....	-11,545,098	-11,545,098
250: General science, space, and technology.....	-17,658	-28,342
270: Energy.....	-951,776	-951,776
300: Natural resources and environment.....	-2,036,487	-2,101,252
350: Agriculture.....	-65,107	-65,107
370: Commerce and housing credit.....	-35,002	-35,002
400: Transportation.....	-66,661	-66,661
450: Community and regional development.....	1,547,700	2,430
500: Education, training, employment, and social services.....	-8,195	-8,195
550: Health.....	-15,277,363	-15,277,363
600: Income security.....	-2,932,490	-2,932,490
700: Veterans benefits and services.....	-528,557	-528,557
750: Administration of justice.....	-8,257	-8,257
800: General government.....	-9,065,296	-9,065,296
850: General purpose fiscal assistance.....	-6,877,283	-6,877,283
900: Interest.....	-6,535,841	-6,535,841
920: Allowances.....	800,000	800,000
950: Undistributed offsetting receipts.....	-17,296,000	-17,296,000
Committee total.....	-71,311,575	-72,932,294

ROBERT N. GIAIMO,  
ELIZABETH HOLTZMAN,  
BUTLER DERRICK,  
WILLIAM LEHMAN,  
PAUL SIMON,  
JOSEPH L. FISHER,  
JIM MATTOX,  
*Managers on the Part of the House.*

EDMUND S. MUSKIE,  
WARREN G. MAGNUSON,  
ERNEST F. HOLLINGS,  
ALAN CRANSTON,  
LAWTON CHILES,  
JAMES ABOWREZK,  
HENRY BELLMON,  
ROBERT DOLE,  
JOHN HEINZ,  
*Managers on the Part of the Senate.*