

Congressional Budget Office.

§ 250(c)(17)

(17) For purposes of sections 252 and 253, legislation enacted during the second session of the One Hundred First Congress shall be deemed to have been enacted before the enactment of this Act.

§ 250(c)(18)

(18) As used in this part, all references to entitlement authority¹¹⁹⁰ shall include the list of mandatory appropriations included in the joint explanatory statement of managers accompanying the conference report on the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990.¹¹⁹¹

§ 250(c)(19)

(19) The term "deposit insurance" refers to the expenses of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the funds it incorporates, the Resolution Trust Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration and the funds it incorporates, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Comptroller of the Currency Assessment Fund, and the RTC Office of Inspector General.

§ 250(c)(20)

(20) The term "composite outlay rate" means the percent of new budget authority¹¹⁹² that is converted to outlays¹¹⁹³ in the fiscal year for which the budget authority is provided and subsequent fiscal years, as follows:

¹¹⁹⁰ Section 3(9) of the Congressional Budget Act (*see supra* p. 18) defines "entitlement authority" to mean (at least for purposes of that Act) the authority described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of that Act (*see supra* p. 252). Section 250(c)(18) of Gramm-Rudman-Hollings (*see supra* p. 447) provides that all references to entitlement authority shall include the mandatory appropriations accounts listed *infra* note 1245.

¹¹⁹¹ For the list, *see infra* note 1245.

¹¹⁹² Section 250(c)(1) (*see supra* p. 440) defines "budget authority" and "new budget authority" at least in part by reference to the definitions of section 3(2) of the Congressional Budget Act. *See supra* pp. 11-13.

¹¹⁹³ Section 250(c)(1) (*see supra* p. 440) defines "outlays" at least in part by reference to the definition of section 3(1) of the Congressional Budget Act. *See supra* p. 11.