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OMB'S FINAL SEQUESTRATION REPORT

COMMUNICATION

FROM

THE DIRECTOR, THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

TRANSMITTING

OMB's final sequestration report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1995, pursuant to Pub. L. 101–508, Sec. 13101(a) (104 Stat. 1388–587)



January 4, 1995.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

December 16, 1994

Honorable Thomas S. Foley Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Enclosed please find the OMB Final Sequestration Report to the President and Congress for fiscal year 1995. It has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-177), as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100-119), the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-508), and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-66).

As required by law, the report includes final estimates of the discretionary spending limits, a summary of enacted legislation affecting direct spending and receipts, calculations of the maximum deficit amount, and comparisons with the estimates provided by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office in his report. The report finds that no sequestration is required.

Sincerely,

Alice M. Rivlin

Director

Enclosure

Identical Letters Sent to The President and Honorable Albert Gore

OMB FINAL SEQUESTRATION REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

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- All years referred to are fiscal years unless otherwise noted.
 Details in the tables and text may not add to totals due to rounding.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20003

December 16, 1994

The President The White House Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (BEA) was enacted into law as part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990. Through fiscal year 1995, the Act established annual limits on discretionary spending, a pay-asyou-go requirement that subsequent legislation affecting direct spending or receipts not increase the deficit, and maximum deficit amounts. Compliance with these three constraints is enforced by across-the-board sequestration (reduction) of non-ensumpt spending. The BEA requirements for discretionary spending and pay-as-you-go legislation were extended through fiscal year 1998 by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (OBRAS3).

The BEA requires OMB to issue a final sequestration report within fifteen days of the end of the Congressional session. This report fulfills this requirement for the second session of the 103rd Congress. The estimates in this report reflect all legislation enacted and signed into law by the President through December 8, 1994. There are no additional bills awaiting Presidential signature. As required by the BEA, the estimates use the same economic and technical assumptions contained in the President's FY 1996 Budget, which was transmitted to Congress on February 7, 1994.

II. DISCRETIONARY SEQUESTRATION REPORT

Discretionary programs are, in general, those that have their funding levels established annually through the appropriations process. The scorekeeping guidelines accompanying the BEA identify accounts with discretionary resources. The BRA limits budget authority and outlays available for discretionary programs. Appropriations that cause either the budget authority or outlay limitsalso known as cape—to be exceeded trigger a sequester to eliminate any such breach. There is no requirement that the full amount available under the discretionary limits be appropriated. Table 1 is a summary of all changes to the 1991-1995 caps since they were set in 1990.

Adjustments to the discretionary limits.—Table 2 shows the impact on the discretionary limits of adjustments permitted by section 251(b) of the BRA. The table also shows the establishment of separate cape as authorized by P.L. 103-322, the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994.

Adjustments authorized under section 251(b)(1) include those for differences between actual and projected inflation and for changes in concepts and definitions. These adjustments were shown in the sequestration preview report included in the President's FY 1996 Budget and are included in the preview report limits in Table 2.

Section 251(b)(2) of the BEA authorises adjustments that can be made after appropriations have been enacted. Table 2 includes those adjustments that can be made now due to legislation enacted during the second session of the 103rd Congress. The section 251(b)(2) adjustments include:

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) funding.—
Funding for the IRS compliance initiative above the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) baseline levels estimated in June 1990. Adjustments are limited to the budget.

et authority and outlay amounts specified in the law.

• Emergency appropriations.—Funding for amounts that the President designates as "emergency requirements" and that the Congress so designates in statute. Since the February 7th preview report, an additional \$13 billion in 1994 and 1995 funding has been enacted and designated by the President and Congress as "emergency requirements." Most of these funds are related to emergency relief following the Northridge, California earthquake.

The BRA also provides special allowances for budget authority and outlays. Two separate budget authority allowances may be provided for 1994 and 1995, together with an adjustment for entlays associated with one of the allowances, calculated using spendout rates contained in the BRA. For 1994 through 1998, the BRA also provides for an additional budget authority allowance equal to 0.1 percent of the adjusted limit (excluding the limits established by the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994) on discretionary budget authority for the budget year.

Another adjustment is the special outlay allowance. For general purpose (non-crime) discretionary spending, the maximum dollar amounts of the special outlay allowance for 1991 through 1995 are specified in the BEA. The annual allowances for 1994 and 1995 are \$6.5 billion. The available outlay allowances through 1996 are reduced by the outlays associated with the budget authority allowances. For 1996 through 1998, the annual outlay allowance is equal to a maximum of 0.5 percent of the adjusted discretionary outlay limit. During this session of Congress, an additional \$146 million of the 1994 outlay allowance was used as a result of enacted legislation exceeding the caps by OMB scoring.

The Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 created the Violent Crime

Reduction Trust Fund (VCRTF) and established esparate cape for programs financed by the VCRTF. As shown in Table 2, the cape for all other discretionary spending were reduced by the smounts of the VCRTF caps, so total discretionary spending does not increase. A special outlay allowance of up to 0.5 percent of the VCRTF outlay limit is available each year for 1995 through 1996.

Status of 1994 discretionary appropriations.—Table 3 summaries the status of enacted 1994 discretionary appropriations relative to the discretionary caps. Reacted budget authority and outlays do not exceed the caps.

Status of 1995 discretionary apprepriations.—Table 4 shows OMB scoring of the 1995 appropriations bills. General purpose (non-crime) discretionary budget authority and outlays are below the caps for 1995 by \$9.1 billion and \$0.2 hillion, respectively. Congress appropriated all but \$1 million of the amount available in the VCRTF, and associated sutlays are estimated to be at the VCRTF cap.

Comparison between OMB and CBO discretionary limits.—Section 254(d)(5) of the BBA requires an explanation of differences between OMB and CBO estimates for the

discretionary spending limits. Table 5 compares OMB and CBO limits for 1994 through 1998. CBO uses the discretionary limits from OMB's August 19, 1994 sequestration update report as a starting point for the adjustments made in its final sequestration report.

OMB and CBO have different estimates of the budget authority effects of the emergency funding enacted since August. CBO sources budget authority for centingent appropriations in the fiscal year in which it is appropriated. OMB accres budget authority for only those contingent appropriations officially requested for release by the President and designated by the President as emergency requirements. For 1995, five unreleased contingent emergency appropriations enacted since the update report are being sourced by CBO and not by OMB: Low-income home emergy assistance program (\$600 million), Public health and social services emergency fund (\$35 million), Forest Service firefighting (\$250 million), Forest Service smergency part suppression (\$17 million), and Small Business Administration diseaser loans (\$125 million).

OMB and CBO also have different estimates of the outlay effects of the emergency funding. These are primarily technical differences in outlay spendout rates for emergency appropriations.

Table 1. SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS
(In billions of dollars)

		1991	1992	1903	1994	1996
TOTAL DISCRETIONARY						
Statutory Caps as Set in OBRA 1990	BA	491.7	508.4	511.5	510.8	517.
	OL	514.4	524.9	534.0	534.8	540.8
Adjustments for changes in concepts and defini-						
tions	BA	*************	7.7	8.2	8.2	8.8
	OL	***************************************	1.0	2.4	2.9	8.0
Adjustments for changes in inflation	BA	*****	-0.5	-6.1	-9.5	-11.8
	OL	*********	-0.8	-2.5	-6.8	-8.8
Adjustments for credit reestimates, IRS funding,						
debt forgiveness, and IMF	BA	0.2	0.2	13.0	0.6	0.7
	OL	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.5
Adjustments for emergency requirements	BA	0.9	8.3	4.6	12.2	1.5
	OL	1.1	1.8	5.4	9.0	7.1
Adjustments for special allowances:						
Discretionary new budget authority	BA	**********	3.5	2.9	2.9	2.9
	OL	*******	1.4	2.2	2.6	2.7
Outlay allowance	BA	***********		************	***********	
	OL	2.6	1.7	0.5	1.0	~
Subtotal, adjustments excluding Desert						
Shield/Desert Storm	BA	1.1	19.2	23.6	14.3	1.7
	OL	3.9	5.9	8.8	10.0	5.3
Adjustments for Operation Desert Shield/Desert					20.0	
Storm	BA	44.2	14.0	0.6	•	
	OL	83.3	14.9	7.6	2.8	1.1
Total adjustments	BA	45.4	33.2	24.2	14.3	1.7
	OL	37.2	20.8	16.4	12.8	6.3
End-of-session report spending limits 1	BA	537.1	536.6	535.7	525.1	519.4
	OL	551.6	545.7	550.4	547.6	647.1

^{*}Less than \$50 million.

1 Reflects combined general purpose discretionary and Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund discretionary spending limits.

Table 2. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS (in millions of dollars)

		1904	1995	1996	1997	1988
Total discretionary spending limits, February 7, 1994		·	•			
Proviow Report	BA	512,363	515.278	518.631	827,866	530,000
	Œ.	143,700	530,636	547,318	546,879	547.065
August 19, 1904 Update Report Adjustments:	~			****		
Emergency supplemental appropriations (P.L. 103-211)	BA	9,089				
manufacture of the state of the	OL.	1,535	8,700	1 1 4 4		***************************************
0-4			0,700	1,143	639	41
Contingent emergency appropriatens released	BA	1,643	804	***********		
	OL.	906	802	145	73	14
Subtotal, adjustments	BA	10,712				
	OL	4.441	4302	1,966	682	86
Update Report discretionary limits	BA	#34,07E	515,178	618,681	827,555	590,000
	OL	547,340	549,000	546,406	547,561	547,110
Final Sequestration Report Adjustments:						
Custingent emergency appropriations released	BA	660	1,000		***************************************	
	OL	256	1,307	104	23	
Other emergency appropriations:						
Fereign Operations appropriations (P.L. 103-306)	BA	50	***************************************			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	OL	13	22	5		
VA/HUD/Independent Agencies appropriations (P.L.				•		
108-827)	BA	************	***************************************			
	OL	-5	-119	86	86	34
Agriculture/Rural Development appropriations (P.L.		-			-	
108-330)	BA	33				
	OL		20	-4		2
Interior and Related agencies apprepriations (P.L.				-	•	_
108-882)	BA		200			
	OL.	***********	200			
Defense appropriations (P.L. 103-326)	BA	200				
	OL.		225	57	10	3
IRS funding	BA		186			•
_	OL		184	4	*************	***************************************
Special allowance for discretionary budget authority	BA		2.000	•	***************************************	***************************************
	OL		1.426	753	306	184
Special outlay allowance	BA					
	OL	146		***********	************	
Reduction pursuant to P.L. 108-322 (Violent Crime Re-	~~	240	***************************************	*************	***************************************	************
duction Trust Fund)	BA		-2.493	-4.367	-6.000	-6.500
	OL.	************	-708	-2,334	-8.936	.,
	æ		-790		~0,300	-4,904
Subtotal, adjustments	BA	1,071	1.845	-4,387	-6.000	-6.500
	OL	410	2,694	-1.327	-8,414	-4,781
Final Sequestration Report discretionary spending					-,	-,
limits (General purpose discretionary)	BA	555,146	517,003	514,344	E22,565	65L000
-	OL.	547,800	546,433	647,270	544,147	542,370
Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund (VCRTF) Spend-						
ing Limits	BA		2,423	4.387	5.000	5,800
	OL	***************************************	708	2,334	3,906	4,904
Combined General Purpose and VCRTF spending lim-						
k	BA	635,146	519,446	518,631	627,665	\$30,002
	OL	547,500	847,135	549,613	646,063	847,383

Table 3. STATUS OF 1994 DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

	BA	Outlays
TOTAL DISCRETIONARY		
Adjusted discretionary spending limits 1	525,146 510,997	547,556 547,556
Appropriations over/under (-) spending limits	-14,149	-

Table 4. SUMMARY OF 1995 APPROPRIATIONS ACTION (In millions of dollars)

	BA .	Outleye
General Purpose Discretionary		
Agriculture, Rural Development	14,432	15,224
Commerce, Justice, State and the Judiciary	34,088	94,730
Defense	248,804	250,787
District of Columbia	712	712
Energy and Water Development	20,482	20.66
Persian Operations	18,684	13.681
Interior and Related Agencies	18.665	14,017
Labor, H919, Résention	70,162	69,949
Legislative Branch	2,367	2.419
Military Construction	8,886	8,620
Transportation and Bolated Agencies	13,691	87,096
Treasury, Postsi Service and General Government:	11,839	12,136
Veterane Affaire, HUD, Independent Agencies	70,711	76,417
Total general purpose discretionary	807,878	546,230
End-of-section discretionary caps	817,003	545,433
CONCRESSIONAL ACTION OVERVUNDER (-)		
CAPE	-0.145	-905
Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund		
Commerce, Justice, State and the Judiciary	2,345	666
Labor, HFB, Education	26	7
Treasury, Postal Service and General Government	39	30
Total VCRIF spending	2433	763
End-of-equation VCETF caps	2.423	703
CONGRESSIONAL ACTION OVERVUNDER (-)		700
CAPS		

	BA	Cutterin
Agriculture, Rend Development'		1,505
Crimary, Justice, State the Justicey		612
Defense		414
Bergr and Water Development		*
Finige Operation		-
hinds on the basel agency		13 1
Leber, 1988, Shankin		117
Transportation and State of Agencies	-	779
Votestar Affairs, PKID, Independent Aprendix		2,400

Table 5. COMPARISON OF OMB AND CBO DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS (In millions of dollars)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
General Purpose Discretionary					
CBO End-of-session Report limits:					
BA	525,393	518,060	514,344	522,555	524,592
OL	547,288	547,487	547,549	544,220	542,427
OMB End-of-session Report limits:	•				
BA	525,146	517,023	514,344	522,555	524,592
OL	547,559	546,432	547,279	544,147	542,879
Difference:					
BA	247	1,027	************	***********	************
OL	-271	1,006	270	78	48
Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund					
CBO End-of-session Report limits:					
BA	***************************************	2.423	4.287	5.000	5,500
OL	***************************************	708	2,884	8,936	4,904
OMB End-of-session Report limits:					
ВА	*************	2,428	4,287	5.000	5,500
OL		708	2.834	3.996	4,904
Difference:			•	,	
BA ,	*************			*********	**********
OL	*************	************			

III. PAY-AS-YOU-GO SEQUESTRATION REPORT

Pay-as-you-go enforcement procedures apply to direct spending and receipts legislation. Direct spending is defined as entitlement authority, the food stamp program, and budget authority, the food stamp program, and budget authority provided by laws other than appropriations acts. The BEA enforcement procedures specify that receipts or direct spending legislation should not increase the deficit. If it does, it will trigger a sequestar if not fully offset. Sequestration of direct spending programs would occur 15 days after Congress adjourns to end a session. Social Security, the Postal Service, legislation specifically designated as "emergency requirements" according to 252(e) of the BEA, and legislation providing full funding of the Government's deposit insurance guarantee commitment are not subject to pay-ae-you-ge enforcement.

Within five days after enactment of direct spending or receipts legislation, OMB is required to submit a report to Congress estimating the change in outlays or receipts resulting from that legislation. The estimates must use the same economic and technical assumptions contained in the most recent President's budget. Each year in its final sequestration report, OMB adds the estimates in all payas-you-go reports together to determine the need for a sequester. If, in total, the combined deficits for the budget year and the preceding fiscal year have been increased by payas-you-go legislation, that increase must be offset by sequestration.

Pay-ac-you-go estimates for FY 1985.—In its preview report for 1985, OMB reported that pay-ac-you-go legislation enacted through the end of the first seesion of the 103rd Congress had reduced the combined 1994 and 1995 deficit by \$1.0 billion. As table 6 shows, OMB estimates that legislation enacted during the second seesion of the 103rd Congress reduced

the combined 1994 and 1996 deficits by an additional \$1.5 billion. In total, pay-as-you-go legislation enacted to date has decreased the combined 1994 and 1995 deficits by \$2.5 billion. Therefore no sequestration of direct spending programs is required for fiscal year 1996.

Comparisons with CBO estimates.—The BBA requires OMB to explain differences between OMB and CBO estimates of enacted direct spending and receipts legislation in its sequestration reports. Since the CBO end-of-section report uses OMB estimates for legislation enacted through the sequestration update report, the only differences relate to legislation enacted after August 16, 1994.

CBO estimates that pay-as-you-go logislation exacted since the OMB Sequestration Update sport decreased the deficits for 1994 and 1995 by a total of \$0.5 billion, \$0.5 billion iess than the OMB estimate for the two years. Nearly all of this difference is due to the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994. The official CBO estimate for this Act was scored from a baseline that did not include expenditures for ad hoc disaster assistance. On this basis, CBO did not credit savings to a provision that repealed the my of Agriculture's authority to extend ad hot diseater assistance. The OMB becaline and the Congressional budget resolution beseline assumed expenditures for disaster assistence. For Congressional scorebseping purposes, CBO scored the Act from the resoluti baseline. Using that approach nearly eliminates the difference between OMB and CBO estimates for this Act. Additional detail on estimating differences between OMB and CBO is available in the separate reports issued subsequent to enactment of each bill.

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE
(In millions of dollars)

Report Number	Act Title	Change in the fiscal year baseline deficit					
		1994	1995	1906	1997	1996	1994-98
Logisla	tion enacted prior to OBRA 1993:						
1 to	Total impact of all bills:	-912	-803	_	_	_	-1,718
158 -	OMB estimate						
	CBO estimate	36	831		_	_	366
ماعلوما	tion exacted following OBRA 1998 to end of 1st s	ession,	10 2 rd (Congres			
159 to 201	Total impact of post OBRA bills to end of 1st see- sion:						
	OMB estimate	916	-166	450	469	-1.114	-1,283
	CBO estimate	1,067	196	267		-1,028	
Logisla	tion enacted in the 2nd session of the 103rd Con-	trees:					
202	Technology-Related Assistance for Individuals with Disabilities Act of 1994 (P.L. 108–218; H.R. 2339):						
	OMB estimate	_		_	_		
	CBO estimate	_	_		_	_	_
208	Food Stamp Program Improvements Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-225; S. 1926):						
	OMB estimate	_	_	_	_		_
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_
NA	Pederal Workforce Restructuring Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-226; H.R. 8845): OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as						
	PAYGO)						
204	CBO estimate	10	174	96	-120	160	_
-	OMB estimate	_		_		_	_
	CBO estimate	_			-	_	
206	National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act Amendments (P.L. 103–232; S. 476): OMB estimate	_		_	_	_	
	CBO estimate		_	_	_	_	
206	Multifamily Housing Property Disposition Reform Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-283; S. 1299):						
	OMB estimate	-476	_	_	_	_	-476
	CBO estimate	-410			_	_	-410
207	Extending Federal Femily Education Loan Program Eligibility to Certain Postsecondary Institutions (P.L. 103–235; S. 2004):						
	OMB estimate	6	12	12	12	6	48
	CBO estimate	3	5	5	5	1	19
208	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, FYs 1994 and 1995 (P.L. 103-236; H.R. 2333):						
	OMB estimate	-2	-4	4	1	1	_
	CBO estimate	2	-4	4	1	1	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Report	Act Title	Change in the fiscal year baseline deficit						
Number	AG TRIB	1994	1995	1996	1997	1996	1994-98	
209	Temperary Customs Duty Suspension for Certain World Athletic Events (P.L. 103-237; H.R. 4088):	-						
	OMB estimate	-·	•	•	-	_		
210	Marine Manusal Protection Act Amendments of 1994 (P.L. 103-238; S. 1636):	6			_		-	
	OMB estimate	4	8	-2 -2	-2 -1	-1 -1		
211	CBO estimate School to Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (P.L. 103–239; H.R. 2084):	•	•	-2	-1	-1	٠	
	OMB estimate	-	_	_		_	-	
212	CBO estimate Rio Grando Designation Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-242; S. 375):	_	_	_	-		-	
	OMB estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_	
218	Clear Creek County Colorado, Public Lands Transfer Act (P.L. 108-253; H.R. 1134):	_	_	_	_	_	-	
	OMB estimate	_	_		_	_	_	
114	CBO estimate			-	-	 -	-	
	841): OMB estimate	_	_		_	· _	_	
	CBO estimate	-	_	_	_	_	_	
15	Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-259; S. 636):							
	OMP estimate	-	_•	_•	-•	_•	'	
NA	CBO estimate Airpart Improvement Program Temporary Extension Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-280; S. 2034): OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYGO)		_	-	_		_	
216	CBO estimate Independent Counsel Resutherisation Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-270; S. 24):	_		_	-	-	· -	
	OMB setimate	_	-	_		_	-	
••	CBO estimate		2	2	2	2	: 8	
₹A	Board of Veterana Appeals Administrative Proce- dures Improvement Act (P.L. 108-871; S. 1904): OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYOO)							
	CBO estimate	_	_	·	_	_		
217	Railroad Right-of-Way Conveyance Validation Act (Pvt.L. 103-2; H.R. 1188):				_		_	
	OMB estimate	_	_	_	_	_		
	CBO estimate	-	_		_	_	-	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE--Continued (In millione of dollars)

Report	Act Title	Change in the fiscal year baseline deficit					
Number	AL LUB	1994	1996	1996	1997	1998	1994-96
218	Fees Under the Perishable Agricultural Commod- ities Act (P.L. 108-276; H.R. 4581):						
	CBO estimate		_	_	_		-
219	Bepart Administration Act Extension (P.L.	_		_	_	_	-
-15	108-277; H.R. 4686):						
	CBO estimate (CBO did not classify this as PAYGO)		_	_	_	_	-
230	Twin Falls Landfill Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-281; 8.1402):						
	OMB estimate	_			_	_	_
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_
221	Disregarding payments to Nazi Victims as Income for Pederal Assistance Programs (P.L. 103–396; H.R. 1873):						
	OMB estimate		1	1	1	1	4
	CBO estimate		1	1	1	_	9
222	For the relief of Melissa Johnson (Pvt. Law 108-8; H.R. 572):						
	OM/S estimate	_•	_	_			_•
	CBO estimate		_		_	_	_
223	Navy Vessel Transfer Authorization Act (P.L. 108-296; H.R. 4429):						
	OMB estimate CBO did not classify this as PATGO).	-24	-3	-3	-2	-2	-33
224	Social Security Independence and Program Improvements Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-296; H.R. 4377):	_					
	OMB estimate	_	-18	4	-12	-61	-95
	CBO estimate	_	-10	-23	-56	-830	-419
225	Telementating and Consumer Freud and Abuse Provention Act (P.L. 108–297; H.R. 868):						
	OMB estimate	-	_•	_•	_•	•	_•
	CBO estimate	_	_		_	_	_
296	Federal Aviation Administration Authorisation Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-305; H.R. 2739):				,		
	OMB estimate	-	_	_	_	_	_
	CBO estimate		_	_		_	_
NA.	Old U.S. Mint in San Francisco in San Francisco, California (P.L. 108–310; H.R. 4812):						
	OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYGO)						
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_
227	Hazardous Materials Transportation Authoriza- tion Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-811; H.R. 2178):						
	OMB estimate	_	_	•	•	•	•
	CBO estimate	-	-		_	_	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued
(In millions of dollars)

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Report	Act Title	Change in the fiscal year baseline deficit						
Number	That side	1994	1996	1996	1997	1906	1994-90	
228	Federal Trade Commission Act Amendments of							
	1994 (P.L. 108-812; H.R. 2243):							
	OMB estimate	- —	•	•	•	•	1	
	CBO setimete	_				_	_	
29	George Washington National Porest Mount Pleas-							
	ant Scenie Area Act (P.L. 108-814; H.R. 2942):							
	CMB estimate	_	_	_		_	_	
	CBO estimate	_	_		_	_	_	
230	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act					_		
	of 1994 (P.L. 108-822; H.R 8855):							
				-2				
	OMB estimate		-1 -21	_	_	_	. 7	
	CBO estimate	_	-21	-2	_	_	-2	
281	Riegle Community Development and Regulatory							
	Improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-325; H.R. 8474):							
	OMB estimate	_	هـ	-26	-2R	-28	-95	
	CBO estimate	_	-26	-15	-18	-11	-6	
282	Riegle-Neel Interstate Banking and Branching Ef-	-	-20	-10	-10			
	ficiency Act of 1994 (H.R. 108-326; H.R. 3841):							
	CMB estimate	6	•					
		8	1			-		
233	CBO estimate	•	•	•	•	•	,	
533	Designation of the Alvaro del Lugo Post Office,							
	and Waiver Authority Related to Federal Annu-							
	itants (P.L. 108-896; H.R. 4190):							
	OMB estimate	_	:	1	1	1		
	CBO estimate		•	1	1	1	1	
284	Netional Defense Authorization Act for Piecal							
	Year 1995 (P.L. 103–337; S. 2182):							
	OMB estimate	_	8	-8	-2	-4	4	
	CBO estimate	_	84	80	28	48	138	
NA	Jerry L. Litton United States Post Office Building	-						
	(P.L. 103-898; H.R. 1779):							
	OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as							
	PAYGO)							
	CBO estimate	_	_		_	_		
236	Guam Excess Lands Act (P.L. 103-839; H.R.				_	_	_	
	2144):							
	OMB estimate							
	CBO estimate	_			_	_		
286				_			_	
600	Junior Duck Conservation and Design Program							
	Act (P.L. 108-840; H.R. 8679): OMB estimate							
		_			_	_	-	
	CBO estimate		-	_	_	_	-	
237	Plant Variety Protection Act Amendments (P.L. 103-849; S. 1406):							
•	OMB astimate	_	***	-	_		_	
	CBO estimate	_			_	_		
238	Securities and Exchange Commission Fee Collec-	_	_		_	-	_	
	tions (P.L. 103-362: H.R. 5080):							
	OMB estimate		O-T	04				
		_	-27	27	_	_	_	
	CBO estimate	-	19	_	_	_	19	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued

(In millions of dellers)

Report	Act Title	Change in the firmi year baseline					ieficit	
Number	AR INS	1994	1996	1996	1997	1996	1994-98	
239	Uniformed Services Employment and Recomployment Rights Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-853; H.R. 995):	=					_	
	OMES estimate	_	12					
	CBO estimate	_	-1	-2	-8	-8	-8	
240	Federal Crep Insurance Referen and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-364; H.R. 4317):							
	OMB estimate	_	-166	19	7	-31	-171	
	CBO estimate	_	346	1,014	1,049	989	3,396	
241	Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (P.L. 108–866; S. 1867):							
	CAGS estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_	
242	CBO estimate Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (P.L. 108-389; H.R. 4399):	_		_	_	-	-	
	1994 (P.L. 108-309; H.R. 4399): OMG estimate		•	•	•	•		
	CBO estimate		•	•	•			
248	Arisona Wilderness Land Title Resolution Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-365; S. 1233):							
	OMB estimate	_	4	_	_		4	
244	CBO estimate Setellite Home Viewer Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-369; 8. \$406):	_	4	_	_	-	4	
	OMB estimate	_	_	_		_		
	CBO estimate	_	_	-		_	_	
245	For the relief of Elizabeth M. Hill (Pvt.L. 108-5; H.R. 810):							
	OMB estimate		•	-	_	_	•	
	CBO estimate	_		_	_	_	_	
246	North American Wetlands Conservation Act Amendments of 1994 (P.L. 108-375; H.R. 4306): CMB authorite							
		_	_	_	-	_	-	
247	CBO estimate Naval Vessel Transfer Authorisation Act (P.L. 108–878; H.R. 5155):	_	_	-	_		_	
	CBO estimate (CBO did not classify this as PAYGO).	-	-16	4	-1	-1	~-22	
24 8	Improving America's Schools Act of 1994 (P.L. 106-382; H.R. 6):							
	OMB estimate	_	. 87	39	42	48	161	
	CBO estimate	_		_	_	_	_	
NA	Full Faith and Oredit for Child Support Orders Act (P.L. 108-363; S. 922); OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as							
	PAYGO)							
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	-		-	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued (In millions of dollars)

Report	A.A STALL	Change	ange in t	age in the flecal year baseline delicit					
Number	Act Title	1994	1996	1996	1997	1998	1994-96		
249	Social Security Domestic Employment Reform Act				_				
	of 1994 (P.L. 103-387; H.R. 4278):								
	OMB estimate	-	35	-1	-1	-54	-2		
	CBO estimate		81	-21	-22	-44	-		
NA.	Federal Employees Family Friendly Leave Act (P.L. 108-988; H.R. 4961):								
	OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYGO)								
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	-	_		
250	Rhimeseroe and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-391; H.R. 4994):								
	OMB estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_		
	CBO estimate	_	_	-	_	_	_		
251	Benkruptsy Reform Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-394; H.R. 5116):								
	OMB estimate	_	-25	_	_		-25		
	CBO estimate		-67	-28	-18	_	-118		
252	Lincoln County, Montana, Lands Transfer Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-396; S. 528):								
	OMB estimate	_	_	_			_		
	CBO estimate		_	_		_	_		
263	Shoup Premotion, Research, and Information Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-407; S. 2500):								
	OMB estinate	_	_	_	_		_		
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_		
254	FBGLI Living Benefits Act (P.L. 108-409; H.R. 512):				_				
	OMB estimate	_	_	_			-		
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	-		
255	American Indian Trust Fund Menagement Reform (P.L. 103–412; H.R. 4833):								
	OMB estimate	_		_	_	_	-		
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_	_	-		
266	Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement (P.L. 108-414; H.R. 4922):								
	OMB estimate	_	-	_	_	_	-		
	CBO estimate	_		· —	_	_	-		
257	State Technical Amendments (P.L. 103-415; H.R. 5034):								
	OMB estimate	_	_	12	2	_	. 1		
	CBO estimate	_	8	1		_	. (
258	Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-416; H.R. 783):								
	OMB setimate	_				_			
	CBO estimate	_	_		_				
259	Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-417; S. 784):						•		
	OMB estimate	_	_		_	_			

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued
(In millions of dollars)

Report	Act Title	Chen	mge in the flecal year baseline deficit					
Number	and the	1994	1995	1996	1997	1999	1994-00	
260	Veterans' Compensation Cost-of-Living Adjust- ment Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-418; S. 1927):							
	OMB estimate	· -	-14	-14	-16	-16	-56	
	CBO estimate	_	٠		_	_	-	
161	Judicial Amendments Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-430; 8. 3407);							
	ON/B estimate	_	_	_	_	_	_	
362	CBO estimate Per the Relief of James B. Stanley (Pvt. L. 108-8, H.R. 808):	_	_	_	_	_	-	
	OMB estimate	_	•	-		_	•	
	CBO estimate	_	_		-	_	_	
963	Government Management Reform Act (P.L. 108-866; S. 2170):				_			
	OMB estimate	_			-1	-1	-9	
NA	CBO estimate Defense Department Oversons Teachers' Pay and Personnal Practices Act (P.L. 103-495; H.R. 3499);	_	_		-1	-1	-2	
	OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYGO) CBO estimate	_	٠.	_•	٠.	_•	٠.	
√A	Outer Continental Shalf Lands Act (P.L. 108-426; H.R. 3678): OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as PAYGO).							
	CBO estimate	_	_	_		_		
164	Consus Address List improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-420; H.R. 5084):				-			
	OMB estimate CBO estimate (CBO did not classify this as PAYGO)	_	-	_	_			
165	Social Security Act Amendments of 1994 (P.L. 108-482; H.R. 5252); OMB estimate							
	CBO estimate	~	_	_		_	-	
	California Desert Protection Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-483; S. 21):	_	_			_	-	
	OMB estimate				-	-	_	
	CBO estimate	_	1	1	1	1	4	
67	Yavapai-Present Indian Water Rights Settlement Act, and Miscellaneous Unrelated Authorities (P.L. 108-484; S. 1146):							
	(P.L. 108-484; S. 1146): OMB estimate	_	-3	1	1	1		
	CBO estimate	-	-12	i	î	i		
188	Indian Lagislation Technical Corrections Act (P.L. 103-435; H.R. 4709):			•	•	•		
	OMB estimate	_	•	•	•	•	•	
	CBO estimate	_	_	_	_			

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACTED TO DATE—Continued (In millions of dollars)

Report Number	Act Title	Ch	ange in t	nge in the fiscal year baseline deficit				
Number	No. 1 mer	1994	1906	1996	1997	1998	1994-06	
269	Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation				_			
	Grand Coules Dam Settlement Act (P.L. 108-436; H.R. 4757);							
	OMB estimate	· —	_	_			-	
	CBO estimate	_	_	-	_	-	-	
270	International Autitrust Enforcement Assistance Aut of 1994 (P.L. 108–488; H.R. 4781):			_				
	CRO action at	_	_		•	•	_	
271	CBO estimate High Speed Rail and Rail Safety Authorizations (P.L. 108-440; H.R. 4867):	_	_	-15	_		-1	
	OMB estimate	_	_	-			-	
272	CBO estimate	_	_	-	_	-	-	
	(P.L. 108-442; H.R. 6102): CMB estimate		•	•	•	•		
	CBO estimate	_	_		_			
278	Technical Corrections Regarding the Sharing of Federal Timber Ressipts (P.L. 108-448; H.R. 5161):							
	OMB estimate	_	_	-	_		-	
274	CBO estimate	-	-	_	_	_	-	
	CROB cetimete	_	_	•	1	2		
	CBO estimate		_	_	1	1		
175	Veterans' Benefits improvements Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-446; H.R. 5344): OMB eltimate		_	_	-	_		
	CPO antimate	_	-5	-7	-6	-6		
76	CBO estimate Healthy Meals for Healthy Americans Act of 1994 (P.L. 108–448; S. 1614):	_	-8	-8	-0	-11	-3	
	OMB estimate	_	14	36	42	46	13	
	CBO estimate		10	81	38	43	12	
777	Quinebung and Shetucket Rivers Valley National Heritage Cerridor (P.L. 108-449; H.R. 1848):							
	CMB estimate	_	_	-	_	_	-	
178	CBO estimate		-	-	_	-	-	
	OMB estimate	_	_	_	_	-		
	CBO estimate	-	_	_	_		_	
79	National Maritime Heritage Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-451; H.R. 3059):							
	OMB estimate	_	_	-	_		-	
NA.	CBO estimate Veterans Health Program Extension Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-452; H.R. 3318): OMB estimate (OMB did not classify this as	_	-		_		-	
	PAYGO). CBO estimate	_	_	_	_		_	

Table 6. DEFICIT IMPACT OF PAY-AS-YOU-GO LEGISLATION ENACIED TO DATE—Continued (In millions of dollars)

Report Number		Change in the fiscal year baseline de					ficit	
	Act Title	1994 1	1996	1996	1997	1998	1994-00	
280	To award a Congressional Gold Medal to Rabbi Menachem Mendel Schneerson (P.L. 108-457; H.R. 4487):							
	OMB estimate	_	•	_	-	_	•	
	CBO estimate	· -	•	-	_	_	•	
281	The Urugusy Round Agreements Act of 1994 (P.L. 108-465; H.R. 5110):							
	OMB estimate	_	~86 8	205	59	1,194	590	
	CBO estimate		-889	460	128	1,875	1,064	
	Subtotal, enacted in this session:						_	
	OMB estimate		-1,040			1,105		
	CBO estimate		-864	1,531	1,018	1,897	8,009	
	Subtotal, exacted since OBRA 1993:							
	OMB estimate	482	-1,206	-148	-257	-0	-1,286	
	CBO estimate	678	-550	1,164	691	869	2,75	
	Total, legislation enacted:							
	OMB estimate	-480	-2,009	-148	-367	-9	-8,008	
	CBO estimate	714	-218	1,164	59 1	869	8,121	
MISMO	RANDUM:							
CBO (estimates for all bills with adjustment for ad hoc dis-							
aste	r secistance 1	714	-718	164	-409	-181	-879	
Officia	al CBO and-of-session estimate 3	-480	-1.506	1.007	710	1,215	946	

IV. DEFICIT SEQUESTRATION REPORT

The BRA specified maximum deficit amounts through 1995. These deficit amounts reflected economic and technical assumptions as of the time the BRA was enacted. As allowed by the BRA, each January, the maximum deficit amounts were adjusted to reflect up-to-date economic and technical assumptions.

The maximum deficit amounts reflect the "on-budget" current law levels for direct spending and receipts, and the spending limits for general purpose discretionary programs. They do not include "off-budget" mandatory outlays for Social Security and the Postal Service or spending from the Violent Crime-Reduction Trust Fund. As Table 7 shows, the current estimated deficit is below the maximum deficit amount for 1995. There is no excess deficit, and thus no sequester is required.

The BEA requires a comparison of the OMB and CBO estimates of the maximum deficit amount for the budget year to be included in the OMB final sequestration report. In its final sequestration report issued on December 9, 1994, CBO estimated the maximum deficit amount for 1995 to be

\$238.3 billion, \$8.1 billion below the OMB estimate of \$246.3 billion. Table 8 shows the major differences between OMB and CBO maximum deficit amounts. The difference is largely explained by difference in three areas: receipts, deposit insurance, and net interest. The BEA requires OMB to use the same economic and technical assumptions contained in the President's February Budget. However, CBO is allowed to update its estimates for recent information. If OMB were allowed to update its estimates for recent information, differences between OMB and CBO would be reduced.

Table 7. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNTS

(In billions of dollars)

	1995
Current Estimated Delicit	244.0 246.3
Subtotal	-2.3
Recogn deficit	0.0

Table 8. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN OMB AND CBO MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNTS FOR 1995

(in billions of dollars)

	Compari	mar preseq
	CMB February saturap- times	OMB MSR meump- tions
OMB maximum deficit amounts	246.8	234.5
Receipts (deficit impact)	-18 <u>.2</u>	-2.9
Discretionary Mondatory:	0.8	0.8
Commodity Credit Corporation	-0.6	-1.8
HUD housing credit liquidating accounts	1.0	1.5
Deposit insurance	-6.8	0.5
Medical	-0.2	8.6
Molitare	21	-0.4
Supplemental Security Income	-1.7	-0.9
Berned income tex credit	1.8	1.4
Voterous benefits and services	-1.8	-0.9
PCC spectrum section receipts	-0.9	-0.9
Other mendatory	0.1	-0.1
Subtotal mandatory differences	-6.6	2.6
On-budget interest	15.9	8.8
Total, outlay differences	10.1	6.6
Total, differences	-6.1	8.7
CBO Maximum deficit emounts	288.8	236.8

0