

“(2) punitive damages upon proof of willful or reckless disregard of the law;

“(3) reasonable attorneys’ fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred; and

“(4) such other preliminary and equitable relief as the court determines to be appropriate.

“§ 2725. Definitions

“In this chapter—

“(1) ‘motor vehicle record’ means any record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator’s permit, motor vehicle title, motor vehicle registration, or identification card issued by a department of motor vehicles;

“(2) ‘person’ means an individual, organization or entity, but does not include a State or agency thereof; and

“(3) ‘personal information’ means information that identifies an individual, including an individual’s photograph, social security number, driver identification number, name, address (but not the 5-digit zip code), telephone number, and medical or disability information, but does not include information on vehicular accidents, driving violations, and driver’s status.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of parts at the beginning of part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“123. Prohibition on release and use of certain personal information from State motor vehicle records 2271”

18 USC 2721
note.

SEC. 300003. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by section 300002 shall become effective on the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act. After the effective date, if a State has implemented a procedure under section 2721(b) (11) and (12) of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 2902, for prohibiting disclosures or uses of personal information, and the procedure otherwise meets the requirements of subsection (b) (11) and (12), the State shall be in compliance with subsection (b) (11) and (12) even if the procedure is not available to individuals until they renew their license, title, registration or identification card, so long as the State provides some other procedure for individuals to contact the State on their own initiative to prohibit such uses or disclosures. Prior to the effective date, personal information covered by the amendment made by section 300002 may be released consistent with State law or practice.

TITLE XXXI—VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND

SEC. 310001. CREATION OF VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.

42 USC 14211.

(a) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.—There is established a separate account in the Treasury, known as the “Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Fund”) into which shall be transferred, in accordance with subsection (b), savings realized from implementation of section 5 of the Federal Workforce Restructuring Act of 1994 (5 U.S.C. 3101 note; Public Law 103-226).

(b) **TRANSFERS INTO THE FUND.**—On the first day of the following fiscal years (or as soon thereafter as possible for fiscal year 1995), the following amounts shall be transferred from the general fund to the Fund— 42 USC 14211.

- (1) for fiscal year 1995, \$2,423,000,000;
- (2) for fiscal year 1996, \$4,287,000,000;
- (3) for fiscal year 1997, \$5,000,000,000;
- (4) for fiscal year 1998, \$5,500,000,000;
- (5) for fiscal year 1999, \$6,500,000,000; and
- (6) for fiscal year 2000, \$6,500,000,000.

(c) **APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE FUND.**—(1) Amounts in the Fund may be appropriated exclusively for the purposes authorized in this Act and for those expenses authorized by any Act enacted before this Act that are expressly qualified for expenditure from the Fund. 42 USC 14211.

(2) Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) and outlays flowing from such appropriations shall not be taken into account for purposes of any budget enforcement procedures under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 except section 251A of that Act as added by subsection (g), or for purposes of section 605(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Amounts of new budget authority and outlays under paragraph (1) that are included in concurrent resolutions on the budget shall not be taken into account for purposes of sections 601(b), 606(b), and 606(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, or for purposes of section 24 of House Concurrent Resolution 218 (One Hundred Third Congress).

(d) **LISTING OF THE FUND AMONG GOVERNMENT TRUST FUNDS.**—Section 1321(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting at the end the following new paragraph:

“(91) Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.”

(e) **REQUIREMENT FOR THE PRESIDENT TO REPORT ANNUALLY ON THE STATUS OF THE TRUST FUND.**—Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(30) information about the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund, including a separate statement of amounts in that Trust Fund.

“(31) an analysis displaying, by agency, proposed reductions in full-time equivalent positions compared to the current year’s level in order to comply with section 5 of the Federal Workforce Restructuring Act of 1994.”

(f) **ALLOCATION AND SUBALLOCATION OF AMOUNTS IN THE FUND.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 602(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended—

2 USC 665a.

(A) in paragraph (1)(A) by striking “and” at the end of clause (ii), by striking the semicolon and inserting a comma at the end of clause (iii), and by adding after clause (iii) the following:

“(iv) new budget authority from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund, and

“(v) outlays from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund;”;

(B) in paragraph (2) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (B) and by adding after subparagraph (C) the following:

“(D) new budget authority from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund; and

“(E) outlays from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) NO DOUBLE COUNTING.—Amounts allocated among committees under clause (iv) or (v) of paragraph (1)(A) or under subparagraph (D) or (E) of paragraph (2) shall not be included within any other allocation under that paragraph.”

(2) FISCAL YEAR 1995.—The chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall submit to the House of Representatives or the Senate, as the case may be, appropriately revised allocations under clauses (iv) and (v) of paragraph (1)(A) or subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (2) of section 602(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for fiscal year 1995 to carry out subsection (b)(1).

(g) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND SEQUESTRATION.—

(1) SEQUESTRATION.—Part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is amended by adding after section 251 the following new section:

2 USC 901a.

“SEC. 251A. SEQUESTRATION WITH RESPECT TO VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.

“(a) SEQUESTRATION.—Within 15 days after Congress adjourns to end a session, there shall be a sequestration to eliminate any budgetary excess in the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund as described in subsection (b).

“(b) ELIMINATING A BUDGETARY EXCESS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), appropriations from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund shall be reduced by a uniform percentage necessary to eliminate any amount by which estimated outlays in the budget year from the Fund exceed the following levels of outlays:

“(A) For fiscal year 1995, \$703,000,000.

“(B) For fiscal year 1996, \$2,334,000,000.

“(C) For fiscal year 1997, \$3,936,000,000.

“(D) For fiscal year 1998, \$4,904,000,000.

For fiscal year 1999, the comparable level for budgetary purposes shall be deemed to be \$5,639,000,000. For fiscal year 2000, the comparable level for budgetary purposes shall be deemed to be \$6,225,000,000.

“(2) SPECIAL OUTLAY ALLOWANCE.—If estimated outlays from the Fund for a fiscal year exceed the level specified in paragraph (1) for that year, that level shall be increased by the lesser of that excess or 0.5 percent of that level.

“(c) LOOK-BACK.—If, after June 30, an appropriation for the fiscal year in progress is enacted that causes a budgetary excess in the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund as described in subsection (b) for that year (after taking into account any sequestration of amounts under this section), the level set forth in subsection (b) for the next fiscal year shall be reduced by the amount of that excess.

“(d) WITHIN-SESSION SEQUESTRATION.—If an appropriation for a fiscal year in progress is enacted (after Congress adjourns to end the session for the budget year and before July 1 of that fiscal year) that causes a budgetary excess in the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund as described in subsection (b) for that year

(after taking into account any prior sequestration of amounts under this section), 15 days later there shall be a sequestration to eliminate that excess following the procedures set forth in subsection (b).

“(e) PART-YEAR APPROPRIATIONS AND OMB ESTIMATES.—Paragraphs (4) and (7) of section 251(a) shall apply to appropriations from, and sequestration of amounts appropriated from, the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund under this section in the same manner as those paragraphs apply to discretionary appropriations and sequestrations under that section.”

(2) REPORTS.—Section 254(g) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is amended by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively, and by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph: 2 USC 904.

“(4) REPORTS ON SEQUESTRATION TO REDUCE THE VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.—The final reports shall set forth for the budget year estimates for each of the following:

“(A) The amount of budget authority appropriated from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund and outlays resulting from those appropriations.

“(B) The sequestration percentage and reductions, if any, required under section 251A.”

SEC. 310002. CONFORMING REDUCTION IN DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS. 42 USC 14212.

Upon enactment of this Act, the discretionary spending limits set forth in section 601(a)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 665(a)(2)) (as adjusted in conformance with section 251 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, and in the Senate, with section 24 of House Concurrent Resolution 218 (103d Congress)) for fiscal years 1995 through 1998 are reduced as follows:

(1) for fiscal year 1995, for the discretionary category: \$2,423,000,000 in new budget authority and \$703,000,000 in outlays;

(2) for fiscal year 1996, for the discretionary category: \$4,287,000,000 in new budget authority and \$2,334,000,000 in outlays;

(3) for fiscal year 1997, for the discretionary category: \$5,000,000,000 in new budget authority and \$3,936,000,000 in outlays; and

(4) for fiscal year 1998, for the discretionary category: \$5,500,000,000 in new budget authority and \$4,904,000,000 in outlays.

For fiscal year 1999, the comparable amount for budgetary purposes shall be deemed to be \$6,500,000,000 in new budget authority and \$5,639,000,000 in outlays. For fiscal year 2000, the comparable amount for budgetary purposes shall be deemed to be \$6,500,000,000 in new budget authority and \$6,225,000,000 in outlays.

SEC. 310003. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS FOR WHICH THE FULL AMOUNT AUTHORIZED IS NOT APPROPRIATED. 42 USC 14213.

If, in making an appropriation under any provision of this Act or amendment made by this Act that authorizes the making of an appropriation for a certain purpose for a certain fiscal year