Mr. JOHNSTON. Mr. President, will the Senator yield for a question?

Mr. BYRD. I yield.

Mr. JOHNSTON. I say I support very strongly what the Senator is trying to do, but for purpose of setting the legislative record, I would like to get an understanding what happens in some instances.

First of all, according to the amendment when a matter is not within the jurisdiction of the committee or is extraneous to the instructions, that matter shall be deemed stricken from the bill. Now the question is: Where you have a whole provision, some of which is germane and some of which is not, does the Parliamentarian go through that and excise those sentences or clauses or subsections which are nongermane or extraneous and leave the rest, or does he excise the entire section as to which there is offending language?

Mr. BYRD. I am not sure I can answer that question with respect to what the Parliamentarian will do.

It might depend upon whether or not the language is divisible. I do not know. Perhaps the distinguished Senator would want to address his question to the Chair on this particular question.

Mr. JOHNSTON. When it says, "Any part of a bill not in the jurisdiction of the committee," I am just wondering what the intent of the authors is with respect to "any part of a bill." Does it mean the entire portion of the bill reported by a committee, or just as the offending extraneous or nongermane language?

Mr. BYRD. If it is any part of the bill that is not within the jurisdiction of the reporting committee, it would fall. If it is not within the jurisdiction of the -

Mr. JOHNSTON. When you say "part," if you have, let us say, a 30-page section of legislation as to which there is one subsection that is not germane, would you simply knock out the subsection or would you take the whole 30-page section?

Mr. BYRD. I think the Senator may be confusing — let me say this: the Senator is talking about germaneness?

Mr. JOHNSTON. The Senator is correct.

Mr. BYRD. And also talking about legislation that has been reported by a committee which does not have jurisdiction over the subject matter. So there are two different things.

The language, I think, would explain the answer. Any part of the bill not in the jurisdiction of the reporting committee, whether it is germane or not, any part that is not within the jurisdiction of the reporting committee, would fall.

Mr. JOHNSTON. For example, we usually put a severability clause in legislation which means that if any section of the bill is declared unconstitutional by the Court, then the rest of the bill does not fall.

I am asking, I guess, whether you intend for there to be, in effect, a severability clause here, or whether the whole section as to which there is any (continued...)